

# ENGR 4421: Robotics II

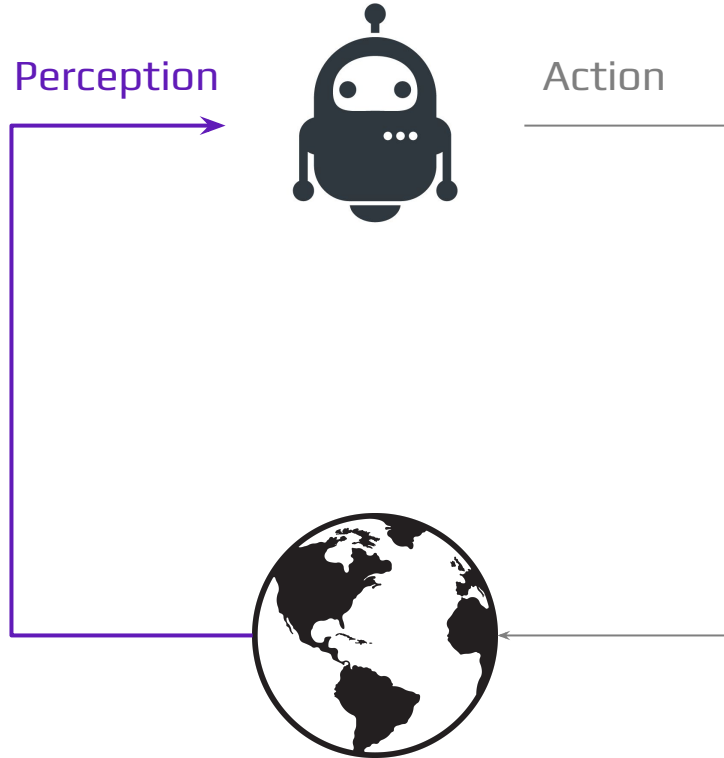
Ultrasonic Distance Sensor

09/29/2022

# Outline

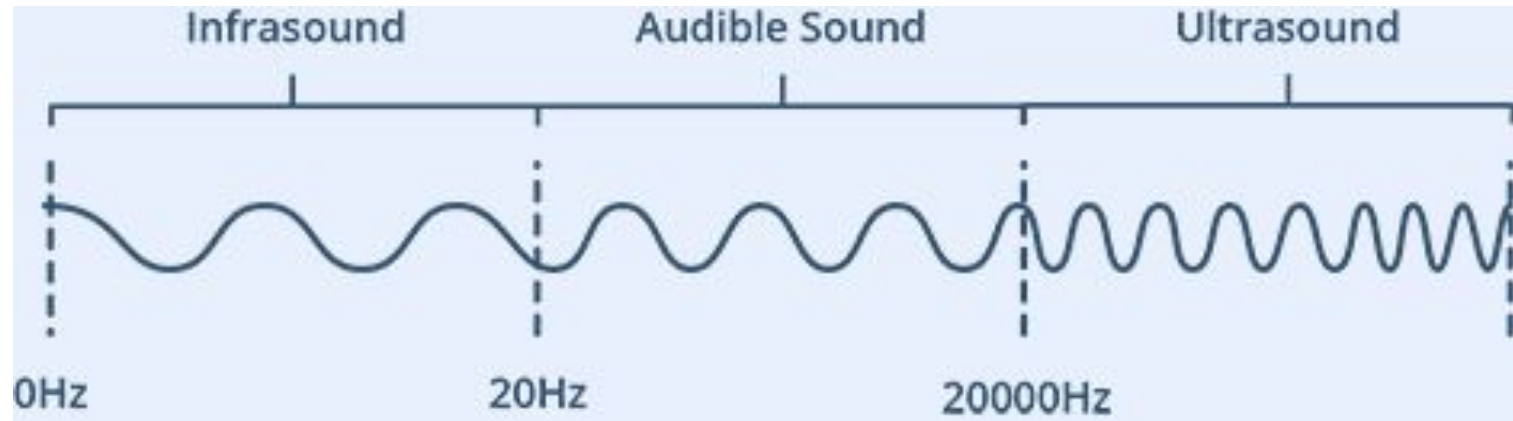
- Ultrasound
- HC-SR04

# What does A Robot Do

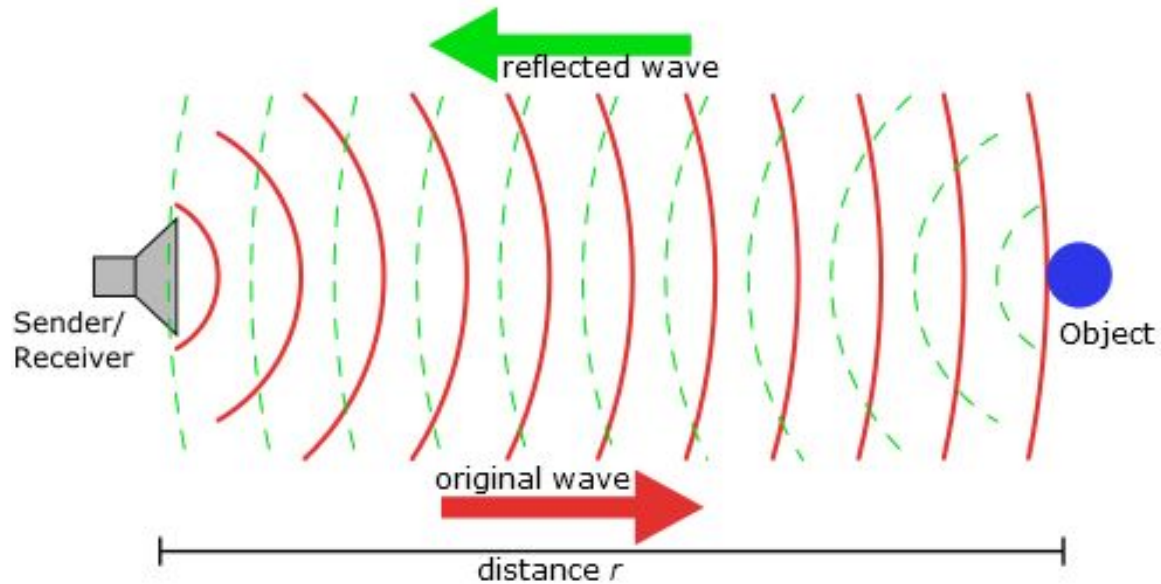


# Ultrasound

Ultrasound is high-pitched sound waves with frequencies higher than the audible limit of human hearing.



# Ultrasound Distance Sensing

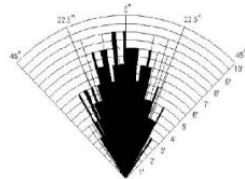
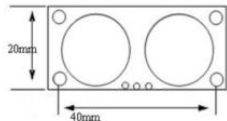
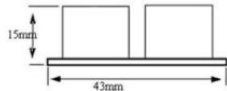
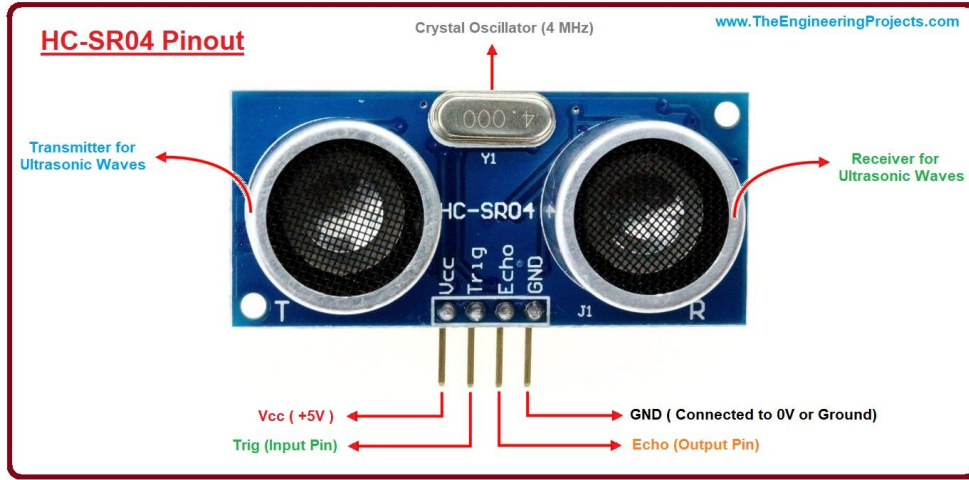


$$\text{distance} = \frac{\text{speed} \times \text{time}}{2}$$

# HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Distance Sensor

- Consists of a transmitter and a receiver.
- Transmitter broadcasts ultrasound at 40kHz.
- Receiver listens to the transmitted ultrasonic waves.

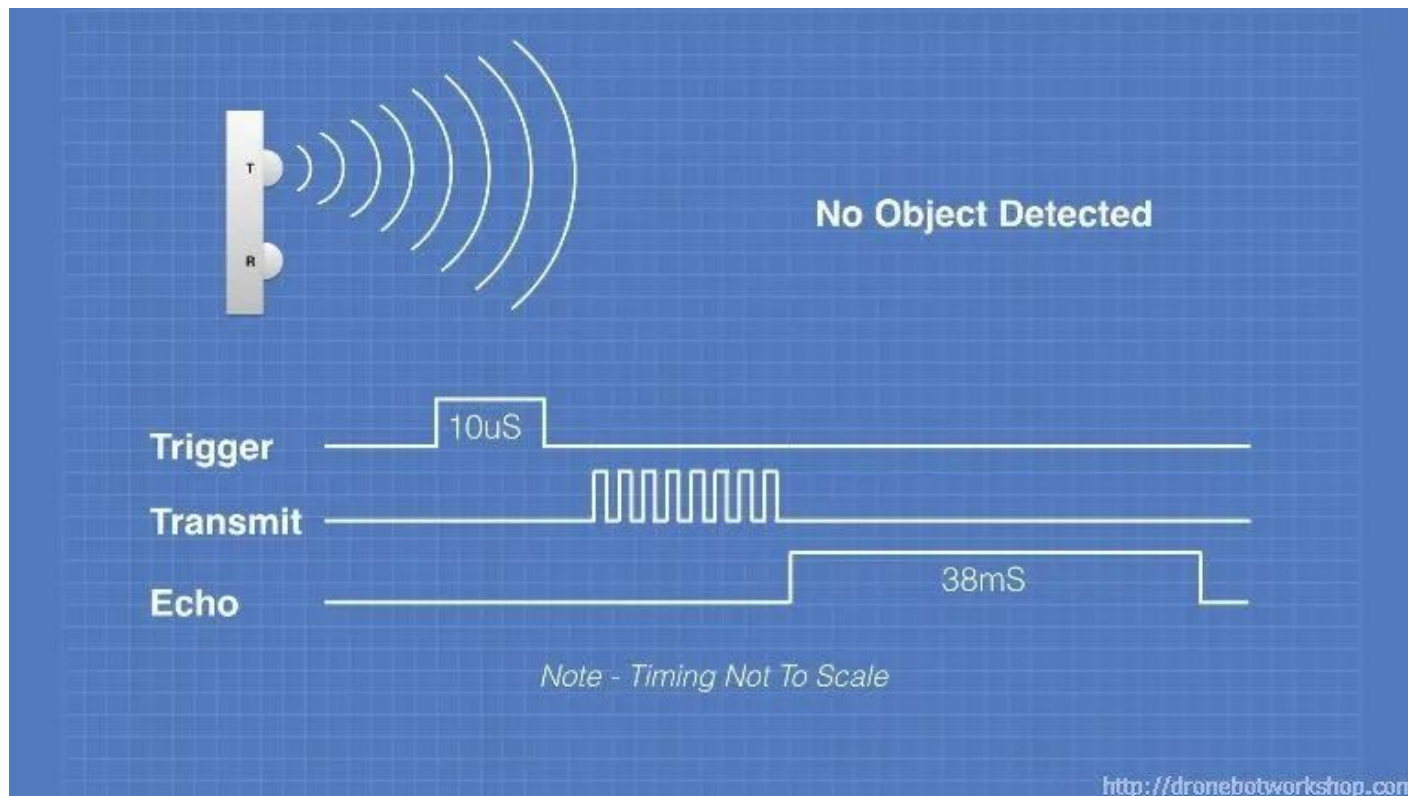
# HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Distance Sensor



Practical test of performance,  
Best in 30 degree angle

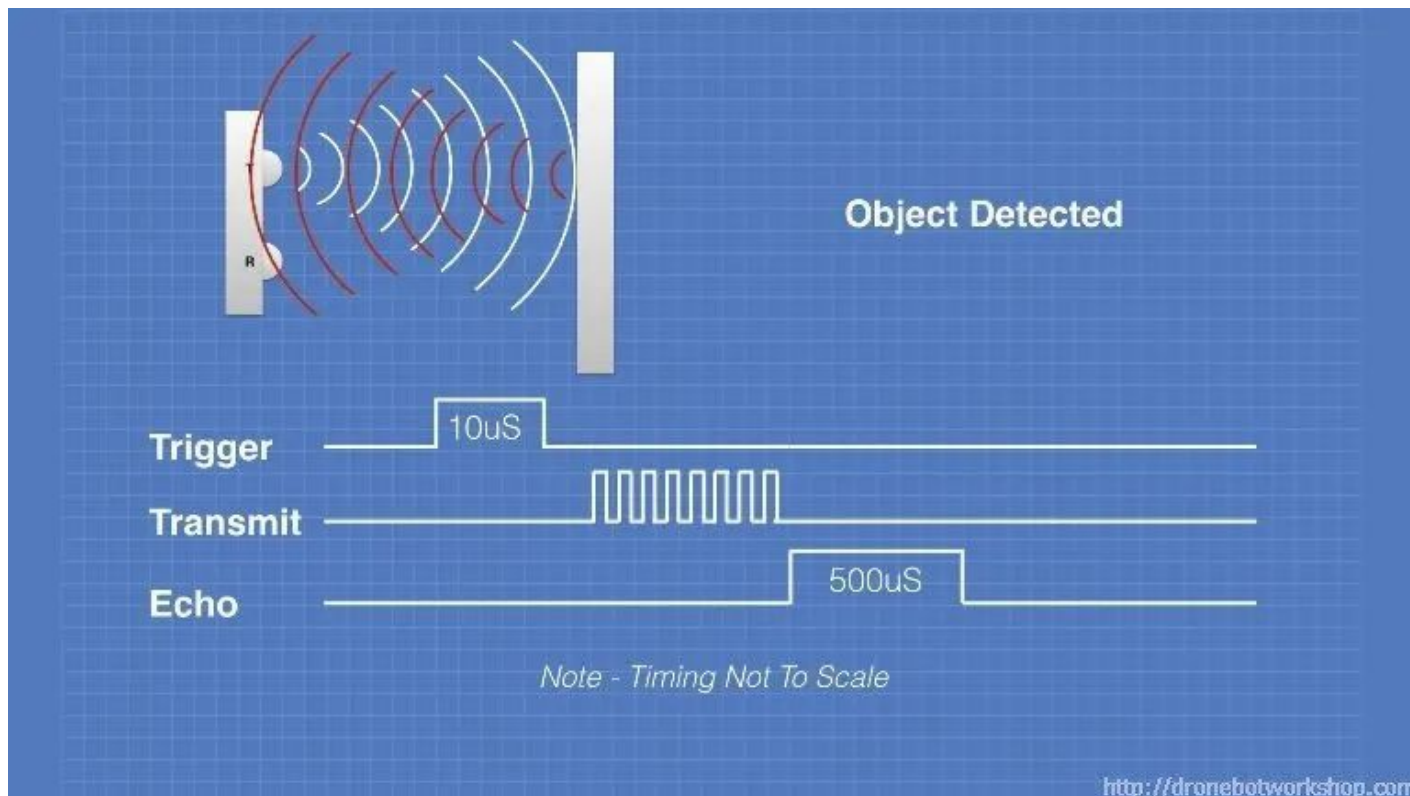
Operating Voltage	5V
Operating Current	15mA
Ultrasound Frequency	40kHz
Max. Linear Range	4 m
Min. Linear Range	0.02 m
Measuring Angle	15 deg
Measuring Accuracy	3 mm

# HC-SR04 Detection





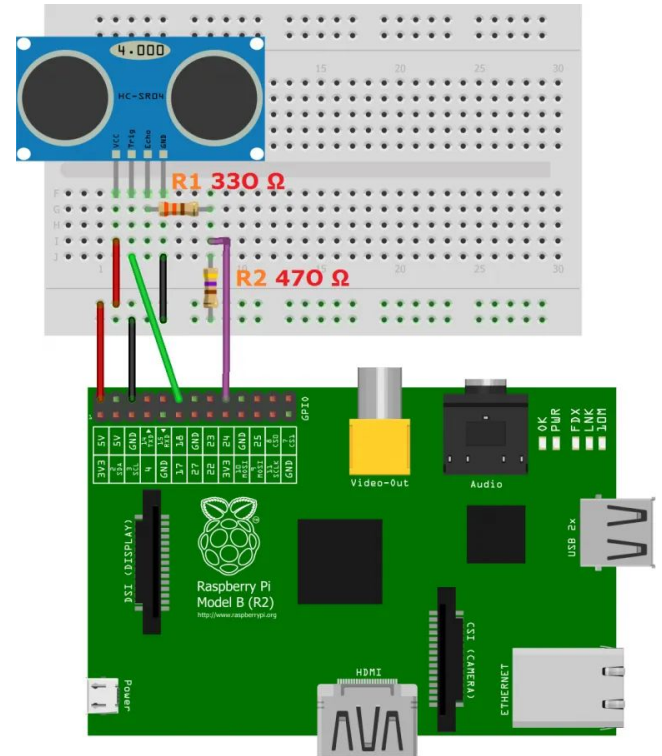
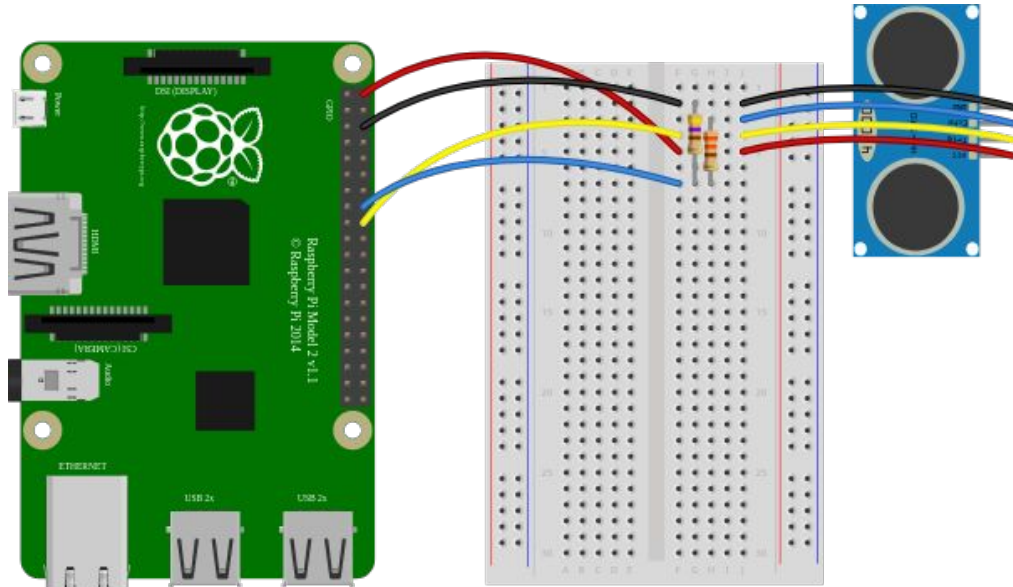
# HC-SR04 Detection



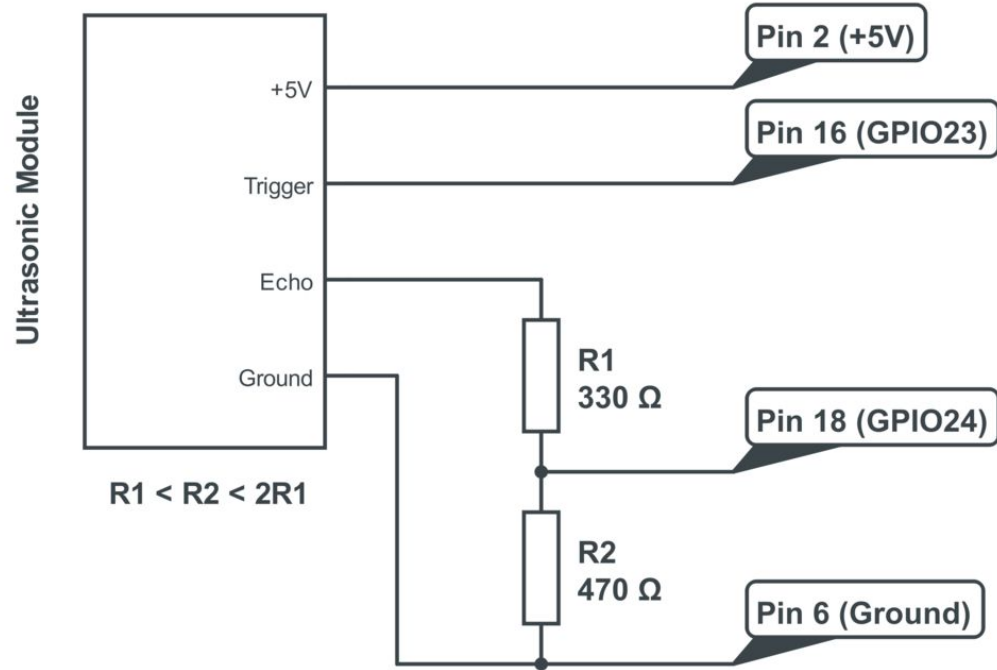
# HC-SR04 Workflow

1. Send a 10 microseconds pulse at 5 volt to the “Trigger” pin.
2. The transmitter bursts of 8 pulses at 40 KHz. This 8-pulse pattern makes the “ultrasonic signature” from the device unique, allowing the receiver to discriminate between the transmitted pattern and the ultrasonic background noise.
3. As soon as the 8-pulse ultrasonic wave is transmitted, the “Echo” pin goes high.
4. If the receiver DOES NOT hear the 8-pulse signal. The “Echo” pin goes low after 38 milliseconds.
5. If the 8-pulse signal is received before the Echo signal timed out, the “Echo” pin goes low immediately. This produces a pulse whose width varies between 150 uS to 25 mS.
6. The width of the received pulse is used to calculate the distance to the reflected object.

# HC-SR04 Wiring



# Voltage Divider



# gpiozero Examples

```
from gpiozero import DistanceSensor
from time import sleep
```

```
sensor = DistanceSensor(23, 24)
```

```
while True:
    print('Distance to nearest object is', sensor.distance, 'm')
    sleep(1)
```

```
from gpiozero import DistanceSensor, LED
from signal import pause
```

```
sensor = DistanceSensor(23, 24, max_distance=1, threshold_distance=0.2)
led = LED(16)
```

```
sensor.when_in_range = led.on
sensor.when_out_of_range = led.off
```

```
pause()
```